#### **FMI TUTORIAL**

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#### AGENDA

- FMI Overview
- FMI News
- Tutorial Overview
- Hands-on Excercises
  - Presentation of Model (Modelica / Dymola)
  - Hands on: import of FMUs into Excel
- Demo of FMI import in Dymola
- Demo/hands on exercise: FMI import into Python
- Demo/hands on exercise: FMI import into Simulink
- Demo: FMI export from Simulink



## **DOWNLOAD & INSTALLATION**

- Material for hands-on exercises available on USBsticks and public download
- Public Link: <u>https://app.sugarsync.com/iris/wf/D1068299\_7</u> <u>7975033\_6553767</u>
- Installation instructions under folder Software/READMEFIRST.pdf
- Licenses for FMI Add-in for Excel and FMI Add-in for Matlab/Simulink under Licenses
- All Licenses valid until February 14<sup>th</sup>
- Open Source option: PyFMI, requires Python 2.7 installation



#### DOWNLOAD MATERIAL





#### 1. WHY FMI?

#### Problem

 Due to different applications, models of a system often have to be developed using different programs (modeling and simulation environments).



- In order to simulate the system, the different programs must somehow interact with each other.
- The system integrator must cope with simulation environments from many suppliers.
- This makes the **model exchange** a necessity. No current standardized interface.
- Even though **Modelica** is tool independent, it cannot be used as such a standardized interface for model exchange.



#### **1. WHAT IS IT ALL ABOUT?**



#### Solution

 As a universal solution to this problem the Functional Mockup Interface (FMI) was developed by MODELISAR, and is now maintained by the Modelica Association





### **ANOTHER USE CASE**

- Combine different modeling formalisms into coherent simulation
  - Physical models, 1D-3D





## FUNCTIONAL MOCKUP INTERFACE (FMI)

- Tool independent standard to support both model exchange and cosimulation of dynamic models
- Original development of standard part of EU-funded MODELISAR project led and initiated by Daimler
- First version FMI 1.0 published in 2010
- FMI currently supported by over 60 tools (see <u>www.fmi-standard.org</u> for most up to date list)
- Active development as Modelica Association project
- FMI 2.0 just released and brings additional functionality to FMI standard

#### **Problems / Needs**

- Component development by supplier
- ✓ Integration by OEM
- Many different simulation tools



#### FMU: a model with standard interface

- A component which implements the FMI standard is called <u>Functional Mockup Unit (FMU)</u>
- Separation of
  - Description of interface data (XML file)
  - Functionality (C code or binary)
- A FMU is a zipped file (\*.fmu) containing the XML description file and the implementation in source or binary form
- Additional data and functionality can be included
- Information & Interface specification: <u>www.fmi-standard.org</u>



#### **FMI FLAVORS**

 The Functional Mock-up Interface (FMI) is a tool independent standard for

- Model Exchange (ME)
- Co-Simulation (CS)



 The FMI defines an interface to be implemented by an executable called Functional Mock-up Unit (FMU)

## FMU=Model w/ Standard Interface





#### FMI XML Schema

- Information not needed during execution is stored in one xml-file:
  - Complex data structures give still simple interface.
  - Reduced overhead in terms of memory.





#### **C-interface**

- Two C-header files:
  - Platform dependent definitions (basic types):

```
/* Platform (combination of machine, compiler, operating system) */
#define fmiModelTypesPlatform "standard32"
/* Type definitions of variables passed as arguments */
   tupedef void*
                        fmiComponent;
   typedef unsigned int fmiValueReference;
                        fmiReal
   typedef double
   typedef int
                        fmiInteger;
   typedef char
                        fmiBoolean;
   typedef const char* fmiString ;
/* Values for fmiBoolean */
#define fmiTrue 1
#define fmiFalse Ø
/* Undefined value for fmiValueReference (largest unsigned int value) */
#define fmiUndefinedValueReference (fmiValueReference)(-1)
```

- C-functions:
  - 18 core functions
  - 6 utility functions
  - no macros
  - C-function name: <ModelIdentifier>\_<name>, e.g. Drive\_fmiSetTime"



#### **C-interface**

#### • Instantiation:

fmiComponent fmiInstantiateXXX (fmiString instanceName, ...)

- fmiComponent is a parameter of the other interface functions
  - Opaque void\* for the importing tool
  - Used by FMU to hold any necessary information.
- Functions for initialization, termination, destruction
- Support of real, integer, boolean, and string inputs, outputs, parameters
- Set and Get functions for each type:

• Identification by valueReference, defined in the XML description file for each variable



#### FMI for Model Exchange

- Import and export of input/output blocks (FMU – Functional Mock-up Unit)
- Described by
  - differential-, algebraic-, discrete equations,
  - with time-, state, and step-events
- FMU can be large (e.g. 100000 variables)
- FMU can be used in an embedded system (small overhead)
- FMUs can be connected together





#### Signals of a Model Exchange FMU



For example: 10 input/output signals (u/y) for connection and 100000 internal variables (v) for plotting



#### **Co-simulation**

- Definition:
  - Coupling of several simulation tools
  - Each tool treats one part of a modular coupled problem
  - Data exchange is restricted to discrete communication points
  - Subsystems are solved independently between communication points
- Motivation:
  - Simulation of heterogeneous systems
  - Partitioning and parallelization of large systems
  - Multi-rate integration
  - Software-in-the-loop simulation
  - Hardware-in-the-loop simulation



### FMI for Co-Simulation

- Master/slave architecture
- Considers different capabilities of simulation tools
- Support of simple and sophisticated coupling algorithms:
  - Iterative and straight forward algorithms
  - Constant and variable communication step size
- Allows (higher order) interpolation of continuous inputs
- Support of local and distributed co-simulation scenarios
- FMI for Co-Simulation does not define:
  - Co-simulation algorithms
  - Communication technology for distributed scenarios



#### **FMI for Co-Simulation**

• Signals of an FMU for Co-Simulation

$t_0$ , <b>p</b> , inital values (a su	$\textbf{ibset of } \{ \dot{\mathbf{x}}_0, \mathbf{x}_0, \mathbf{y}_0, \mathbf{v}_0, \mathbf{m}_0 \} $
Co-Simulat	ion Master
u	<ul> <li>discrete states (constant between events)</li> <li>p parameters of type Real, Integer, Boolean, String</li> <li>u inputs of type Real, Integer, Boolean, String</li> <li>v all exposed variables</li> <li>x continuous states (continuous between events)</li> <li>y outputs of type Real, Integer, Boolean, String</li> <li>z event indicators</li> <li>Model</li> </ul>
t	Solver
	Co-Simulation Slave (FMU instance)
	Solver

- Inputs, outputs, and parameters, status information
- Derivatives of inputs, outputs w.r.t. time can be set/retreived for supporting of higher order approximation



## FMI: A BUSINESS MODEL INNOVATION

- FMI-compliant tools often allow liberally licensed export of models for distribution in the organisation and to partners
- Exported FMUs most often don't require a license from the model authoring tool
- Deployment from few simulation specialists to designers, domain specialists, control engineers
  - One FMU used by many engineers (control design)
  - One FMU run on many cores (robust design)



#### **FMI: A BUSINESS MODEL INNOVATION**

## Separate the model authoring tool from the model execution tool !



#### **TYPICAL FMI-BASED WORKFLOWS**



#### Model Authoring Tool(s)

- Additional work flow automation for
  - pre-processing,
  - model calibration,
  - post-processing,
  - analysis,
  - automated reporting
  - automated requirements verification

Low-cost Model Execution Platform May combine FMUs from several tools

- True democratization of simulation
- Greatly improved utilization of models



#### AUTOMATED REQUIREMENTS VERIFICATION

 Systems Engineering centric FMI-based workflow example: automated requirements verification for hardware and software requirements



#### **MODEL DEPLOYMENT**

• FMU deployed (native tool) to support multiple applications



#### **ENTERPRISE MODEL DEPLOYMENT**



"Daimer, QTronic and Vector describe how Mercedes-Benz currently uses virtual ECUs to validate transmission control software for about 200 variants of the Sprinter series in a highly automated way on Windows PC"



### **MULTIDOMAN COLLABORATION**

 • Engineers in different domains work in one formalism/tool



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#### REUSABILITY

- Reusable models in standard Modelica language
  - Off-the-shelf model libraries and components, focus on core knowledge, innovative systems from



#### REUSABILITY

- Reusable models in standard Modelica language as FMUs
  - Compiled models generated internally, from suppliers, from partners, etc.
  - Protect IP as required



#### **DEVELOPMENT TO DEPLOYMENT**







29

#### **USE CASE: VIRTUALIZATION FOR CONTROLS**

#### Virtualization: Objectives

Running accurate closed-loop simulation of the complete system -On a PC



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Silver runs a virtual prototype:

- On standard Windows PC
- Connecting virtual control and virtual plant using SiL-technology
- Using compiled behavioural models from many different tools without sources
- Allowing efficient and intuitive communication definition
- Allowing simple interaction with the virtual prototype: User "drives" system

FMU export: any FMI compatible tool FMU import: Silver Silver allows:

- Easy sharing of information/results
- Use of simulation technology by non-specialists, without the simulation tool
- Protection of IP
- System behaviour on the laptop of every engineer (concurrent engineer.)
- Extremely fast change-validationchange cycles (few minutes!)
- Engineers immediately experience their changes in a system context





# PART

#### **Tutorial Overview**

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## **TUTORIAL OVERVIEW**

- Goal: demonstrate FMI-based workflows in several FMI compliant tools with hands-on exercises
  - Modelica model (vehicle thermal management)
  - FMU creation
  - FMU import, simulation, and post-processing
- FMI is a standard but we need tools to work with it
- Several tools are provided to support tutorial, both open source and commercial (evaluation licenses)
- Choose exercises based on interest and tools (note some have tool pre-requisites, i.e. MATLAB/Simulink)
- FULL DISCLOSURE: tutorial based on tools in use at or developed by Modelon (full list of FMI-compliant tools at <u>www.fmi-standard.org</u>)



#### **TUTORIAL USE CASE**



### **GETTING STARTED**

• USB sticks passed around with all tutorial files (instructions, software, licenses, sample files, FMUs)



• Public link:

https://app.sugarsync.com/iris/wf/D1068299\_77975033 \_6553767

- Open FMIWorkshop\_Incose.pdf with full tutorial instructions
- Feel free to try your own FMI tools with workshop
- Ask questions if you need help or have problems



## LICENSING LOGISTICS

- Dymola
  - Full Dymola license required for FMI import and export
- MATLAB/Simulink
  - FMI Toolbox (evaluation license provided) + MATLAB/Simulink required for FMU import into Simulink
  - FMU export from Simulink also requires Simulink Coder
  - Sample FMUs are 32 bit and require MATLAB/Simulink 32 bit
- Excel
  - FMI Add-in for Excel (evaluation license provided)
  - Requires 32 bit Microsoft Office
- Evaluation licenses expire on February 14<sup>th</sup>, 2015 but all FMUs included with tools execute with demo licenses per Users' Guide (contact Modelon for more information)





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